Language and story can be a source of creativity and joy.

Stories and other texts connect us to ourselves, our families, and our communities.

Everyone has a unique **story** to share.

Through listening and speaking, we connect with others and share our world.

Playing with language helps us discover how language works.

Curiosity and wonder lead us to new discoveries about ourselves and the world around us.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Using oral, written, visual, and digital texts, students are expected individually and collaboratively to be able to:  Comprehend and connect (reading, listening, viewing)  Read fluently at grade level  Use sources of information and prior knowledge to make meaning  Recognize how different text structures reflect different purposes.  Engage actively as listeners, viewers, and readers, as appropriate, to develop understanding of self, identity, and community  Demonstrate awareness of the role that story plays in personal, family, and community identity  Use personal experience and knowledge to connect to stories and other texts to make meaning  Recognize the structure and elements of story  Show awareness of how story in First Peoples cultures connects people to family	Students are expected to know the following:  Story/text  • elements of story • literary elements and devices • text features • vocabulary associated with texts  Strategies and processes • reading strategies • oral language strategies • metacognitive strategies • writing processes  Language features, structures, and conventions
<ul> <li>Create and communicate (writing, speaking, representing)</li> <li>Exchange ideas and perspectives to build shared understanding</li> <li>Create stories and other texts to deepen awareness of self, family, and community</li> <li>Plan and create a variety of communication forms for different purposes and audiences</li> <li>Communicate using sentences and most conventions of Canadian spelling, grammar, and punctuation</li> <li>Explore oral storytelling processes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>features of oral language</li> <li>word patterns, word families</li> <li>letter formation</li> <li>sentence structure</li> <li>conventions</li> </ul>

Numbers to 100 represent quantities that can be decomposed into 10s and 1s.

Development of computational fluency in addition and subtraction with numbers to 100 requires an understanding of place value.

#### **BIG IDEAS**

The regular change in increasing **patterns** can be identified and used to make generalizations.

Objects and shapes have attributes that can be described, measured, and compared.

Concrete items can be represented, compared, and interpreted pictorially in graphs.

#### **Learning Standards**

#### **Curricular Competencies** Content Students are expected to do the following: Students are expected to know the following: Reasoning and analyzing number concepts to 100 • benchmarks of 25, 50, and 100 and personal Use reasoning to explore and make connections referents Estimate reasonably • addition and subtraction facts to 20 (introduction of • Develop mental math strategies and abilities to make sense of quantities computational strategies) • Use **technology** to explore mathematics · addition and subtraction to 100 Model mathematics in contextualized experiences repeating and increasing patterns **Understanding and solving** • change in quantity, using pictorial and symbolic Develop, demonstrate, and apply mathematical understanding through play, inquiry, and representation problem solving symbolic representation of equality and inequality • direct linear measurement, introducing standard Visualize to explore mathematical concepts • Develop and use multiple strategies to engage in problem solving metric units Engage in problem-solving experiences that are connected to place, story, cultural multiple attributes of 2D shapes and 3D objects practices, and perspectives relevant to local First Peoples communities, the local • pictorial representation of concrete graphs, using community, and other cultures one-to-one correspondence • likelihood of familiar life events, using comparative Communicating and representing language • Communicate mathematical thinking in many ways • financial literacy — coin combinations to 100 cents. • Use mathematical vocabulary and language to contribute to mathematical discussions and spending and saving • Explain and justify mathematical ideas and decisions • Represent mathematical ideas in concrete, pictorial, and symbolic forms Connecting and reflecting · Reflect on mathematical thinking • Connect mathematical concepts to each other and to other areas and personal interests Incorporate First Peoples worldviews and perspectives to make connections to mathematical concepts

Living things have life cycles adapted to their environment.

Materials can be changed through physical and chemical processes.

Forces influence the motion of an object.

Water is essential to all living things, and it cycles through the environment.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Students are expected to be able to do the following:  Questioning and predicting  • Demonstrate curiosity and a sense of wonder about the world • Observe objects and events in familiar contexts • Ask questions about familiar objects and events • Make simple predictions about familiar objects and events  Planning and conducting • Make and record observations • Safely manipulate materials to test ideas and predictions • Make and record simple measurements using informal or non-standard methods  Processing and analyzing data and information • Experience and interpret the local environment • Recognize First Peoples stories (including oral and written narratives), songs, and art, as ways to share knowledge • Sort and classify data and information using drawings, pictographs and provided tables • Compare observations with predictions through discussion • Identify simple patterns and connections  Evaluating • Compare observations with those of others • Consider some environmental consequences of their actions	<ul> <li>Students are expected to know the following:</li> <li>metamorphic and non-metamorphic life cycles of different organisms</li> <li>similarities and differences between offspring and parent</li> <li>First Peoples use of their knowledge of life cycles</li> <li>physical ways of changing materials</li> <li>chemical ways of changing materials</li> <li>types of forces</li> <li>water sources including local watersheds</li> <li>water conservation</li> <li>the water cycle</li> <li>local First People's knowledge of water: <ul> <li>water cycles</li> <li>conservation</li> <li>connection to other systems</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Tristy of Education

# **Learning Standards (continued)**

Curricular Competencies	Content
<ul> <li>Applying and innovating</li> <li>Take part in caring for self, family, classroom and school through personal approaches</li> <li>Transfer and apply learning to new situations</li> <li>Generate and introduce new or refined ideas when problem solving</li> </ul>	
Communicating     Communicate observations and ideas using oral or written language, drawing, or role-play     Express and reflect on personal experiences of place	

Local actions have global consequences, and global actions have local consequences.

Canada is made up of many diverse regions and communities.

Individuals have rights and responsibilities as global citizens.

<b>Curricular Competencies</b>	Content
Students are expected to be able to do the following:	Students are expected to know the following:
<ul> <li>Use Social Studies inquiry processes and skills to ask questions; gather, interpret, and analyze ideas; and communicate findings and decisions</li> <li>Explain why people, events, or places are significant to various individuals and groups (significance)</li> <li>Ask questions, make inferences, and draw conclusions about the content and features of different types of sources (evidence)</li> <li>Sequence objects, images, and events, or explain why some aspects change and others stay the same (continuity and change)</li> <li>Recognize causes and consequences of events, decisions, or developments (cause and consequence)</li> <li>Explain why people's beliefs, values, worldviews, experiences, and roles give them different perspectives on people, places, issues, or events (perspective)</li> <li>Make value judgments about events, decisions, or actions, and suggest lessons that can be learned (ethical judgment)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>diverse characteristics of communities and cultures in Canada and around the world, including at least one Canadian First Peoples community and culture</li> <li>how people's needs and wants are met in communities</li> <li>relationships between people and the environment in different communities</li> <li>diverse features of the environment in other parts of Canada and the world</li> <li>rights and responsibilities of individuals regionally and globally</li> <li>roles and responsibilities of regional governments</li> </ul>

Daily participation in physical activity at moderate to vigorous intensity levels benefits all aspects of our well-being.

Learning how to participate and move our bodies in different physical activities helps us develop physical literacy.

#### **BIG IDEAS**

Adopting healthy personal practices and safety strategies protects ourselves and others.

Having good communication skills and managing our emotions enables us to develop and maintain healthy relationships.

Our physical, emotional, and mental health are interconnected.



# **Area of Learning: PHYSICAL AND HEALTH EDUCATION**

# **Learning Standards (continued)**

Curricular Competencies	Content
Social and community health	
<ul> <li>Identify and describe avoidance or assertiveness strategies to use in unsafe and/or uncomfortable situations</li> <li>Develop and demonstrate respectful behaviour when participating in activities with others</li> <li>Identify and describe characteristics of positive relationships</li> <li>Explain how participation in outdoor activities supports connections with the community and environment</li> </ul>	
Mental well-being	
<ul> <li>Identify and apply strategies that promote mental well-being</li> <li>Identify and describe feelings and worries, and strategies for dealing with them</li> <li>Identify personal skills, interests, and preferences and describe how they influence self-identity</li> </ul>	

The mind and body work together when creating works of art.

Creative experiences involve an interplay between exploration, inquiry, and purposeful choice.

Dance, drama, music, and visual arts are each unique languages for creating and communicating.

The **arts** connect our experiences to the experiences of others.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Exploring and creating  Choose elements, processes, materials, movements, technologies, tools, techniques, and environments of the arts  Create artistic works collaboratively and as an individual, using ideas inspired by imagination, inquiry, experimentation, and purposeful play  Explore identity, place, culture, and belonging through arts experiences  Explore relationships among cultures, communities, and the arts  Reasoning and reflecting  Observe, listen, describe, inquire, and predict how artists (dancers, actors, musicians, and visual artists) use processes, materials, movements, technologies, tools, and techniques  Refine ideas, processes, and technical skills in a variety of art forms  Reflect on creative processes and make connections to personal experiences  Connect knowledge and skills from other areas of learning in planning, creating, and interpreting works for art  Communicating and documenting  Apply learned skills, understandings, and processes in new contexts  Interpret and communicate ideas using symbolism in the arts  Express feelings, ideas, and experiences in creative ways  Describe and respond to visual and performing art pieces and provide constructive feedback  Experience, document and share creative works in a variety of ways  Demonstrate increasingly sophisticated application and/or engagement of curricular content	elements in the arts, including but not limited to:         dance: body, space, dynamics, time,         relationships, form         drama: character, time, place, plot, tension         music: beat/pulse, duration, rhythm, tempo, pitch, timbre, dynamics, form, texture         visual arts: elements of design: line, shape, space, texture, colour, form; principles of design: pattern, repetition, rhythm, contrast, emphasis         processes, materials, technologies, tools, and techniques to support arts activities         notation to represent sounds, ideas, and movement         a variety of dramatic forms         image development strategies         choreographic devices         symbolism as ways of creating and representing meaning         traditional and contemporary Aboriginal arts and artsmaking processes         a variety of local works of art and artistic traditions from diverse cultures, communities, times, and places         personal and collective responsibility associated with creating, experiencing, or sharing in a safe learning environment



Confidence develops through the process self-discovery.

Strong communities are the result of being connected to family and community and working together toward common goals.

#### **BIG IDEAS**

Effective collaboration relies on clear, respectful communication.

Everything we learn helps us to develop skills.

Communities include many different roles requiring many different skills.

Learning is a lifelong enterprise.

<b>Curricular Competencies</b>	Content
<ul> <li>Students are expected to be able to do the following:</li> <li>Identify and appreciate their personal attributes, skills, interests, and accomplishments</li> <li>Recognize the importance of positive relationships in their lives</li> <li>Share ideas, information, personal feelings, and knowledge with others</li> <li>Work respectfully and constructively with others to achieve common goals</li> <li>Recognize the importance of learning in their lives and future careers</li> <li>Set and achieve realistic learning goals for themselves</li> <li>Identify and appreciate the roles and responsibilities of people in their schools, families,</li> </ul>	Students are expected to know the following:  Personal Development  • goal-setting strategies  • risk taking and its role in self-exploration  Connections to Community  • cultural and social awareness  • roles and responsibilities at home, at school, and in
<ul> <li>Share ideas, information, personal feelings, and knowledge with others</li> <li>Work respectfully and constructively with others to achieve common goals</li> <li>Recognize the importance of learning in their lives and future careers</li> </ul>	risk taking and its role in self-exploration  Connections to Community
	<ul> <li>roles and responsibilities at home, at school, and in the local community</li> <li>jobs in the local community</li> </ul>



Designs grow out of natural curiosity.

Skills can be developed through play.

Technologies are tools that extend human capabilities.

Curricular Competencies	Content
Students are expected to be able to do the following:  Applied Design Ideating  Identify needs and opportunities for designing, through exploration Generate ideas from their experiences and interests Add to others' ideas Choose an idea to pursue	Students are expected to use the learning standards for Curricular Competencies from Applied Design, Skills, and Technologies K–3 in combination with grade-level content from other areas of learning in cross-curricular activities to develop foundational mindsets and skills in design thinking and making.
<ul> <li>Making</li> <li>Choose tools and materials</li> <li>Make a product using known procedures or through modelling of others</li> <li>Use trial and error to make changes, solve problems, or incorporate new ideas from self or others</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Decide on how and with whom to share their product</li> <li>Demonstrate their product, tell the story of designing and making their product, and explain how their product contributes to the individual, family, community, and/or environment</li> <li>Use personal preferences to evaluate the success of their design solutions</li> <li>Reflect on their ability to work effectively both as individuals and collaboratively in a group</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Applied Skills</li> <li>Use materials, tools, and technologies in a safe manner in both physical and digital environments</li> <li>Develop their skills and add new ones through play and collaborative work</li> <li>Applied Technologies</li> <li>Explore the use of simple, available tools and technologies to extend their capabilities</li> </ul>	